

Classical de Sitter solutions and the swampland

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Based on [arXiv:1609.00385](#) (with J. Blåbäck), [1710.08886](#)
[arXiv:1806.10999](#), [1807.09698](#), [1811.08889](#) (with C. Roupec)

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refinements

Constraints
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Summary

12/12/2018

ICTP, Trieste, Italy

- Landscape

- Swampland

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- **Landscape**: many low energy EFT / solutions or vacua obtained from string theory
↔ criticism of string theory as non-predictive
More troublesome: is any matching our world? In which corner?
- **Swampland**

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More troublesome: is any matching our world? In which corner?
- **Swampland**: models that cannot be obtained from quantum gravity
↔ change of strategy / “paradigm shift”
More useful to distinguish different cosmological or BSM models
Joins the idea of EFT and U.V. completion

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- **Swampland**: models that cannot be obtained from quantum gravity
↔ change of strategy / “paradigm shift”
More useful to distinguish different cosmological or BSM models
Joins the idea of EFT and U.V. completion
- **“Swampland program”**: give a list of properties / criteria for a model to be or not in swampland
List given e.g. in [T. D. Brennan, F. Carta, C. Vafa \[arXiv:1711.00864\]](#)

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List:

- No continuous global symmetry

- ...

- ...

- ...

- ...

- Weak Gravity conjecture (several versions)

[N. Arkani-Hamed, L. Motl, A. Nicolis, C. Vafa \[hep-th/0601001\]](#)

- Distance conjecture

[H. Ooguri, C. Vafa \[hep-th/0605264\]](#), [D. Klaeuer, E. Palti \[arXiv:1610.00010\]](#)

- Non-SUSY AdS conjecture

[H. Ooguri, C. Vafa \[arXiv:1610.01533\]](#), [B. Freivogel, M. Kleban \[arXiv:1610.04564\]](#)

- de Sitter conjecture/criterion

[G. Obied, H. Ooguri, L. Spodyneiko, C. Vafa \[arXiv:1806.08362\]](#)

- ...

Here: focus on de Sitter conjecture

+ good illustration of the swampland idea

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De Sitter conjecture:

G. Obied, H. Ooguri, L. Spodyneiko, C. Vafa, [arXiv:1806.08362]

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De Sitter conjecture:

G. Obied, H. Ooguri, L. Spodyneiko, C. Vafa, [arXiv:1806.08362]

Consider a 4d theory of minimally coupled scalars ϕ_i ($M_4 = 1$)

$$\mathcal{S} = \int d^4x \sqrt{|g_4|} \left(\mathcal{R}_4 - \frac{1}{2} g_{ij}(\phi) \partial_\mu \phi^i \partial^\mu \phi^j - V(\phi) \right)$$

solutions as extrema of potential: $\partial_{\phi^i} V|_0 = 0$, $\mathcal{R}_4 = 2V|_0$
 \Rightarrow de Sitter solutions: $\Lambda_4 = \frac{1}{2} V|_0 > 0$.

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Criterion: if NOT in the swampland, one has:

- $|\nabla V| \geq cV$ at any point in field space
with $c > 0$, $|\nabla V| = \sqrt{g^{ij} \partial_{\phi^i} V \partial_{\phi^j} V}$
- $c \sim O(1)$

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\Rightarrow extremum: $|\nabla V|_0 = 0 \Rightarrow V|_0 \leq 0$

\hookrightarrow no de Sitter solution for a theory coming from string theory.

- ⇒ Why? Motivations?
- ⇒ Consequences?

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- ⇒ Why? Motivations?
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Motivation:

- 1 Difficult to obtain de Sitter solutions / vacua from string theory in a controlled manner.

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Plan:

- 1 De Sitter solutions in string theory
- 2 Consequences and refined versions of conjecture
- 3 Constraints on classical de Sitter solutions

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- 1 Difficult to obtain de Sitter solutions / vacua from string theory in a controlled manner.
- 2 Criterion essentially example based; deeper quantum gravity argument?
- Connection to other swampland conjecture: distance conjecture [H. Ooguri, E. Palti, G. Shiu, C. Vafa \[arXiv:1810.05506\]](#)

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 - Connection to other swampland conjecture: distance conjecture [H. Ooguri, E. Palti, G. Shiu, C. Vafa \[arXiv:1810.05506\]](#)
 - Line of thoughts from non-SUSY AdS conjecture: non-SUSY AdS solutions (with finite number of fields) is unstable / not a trustable solution (✓ with holographic attempts)
 - ↔ only SUSY solutions are ✓? See [\[arXiv:1711.00864\]](#)
 - Difficult to build holographic duals to de Sitter
 - Difficult to have well-defined QFT on de Sitter, so what about quantum gravity?

De Sitter solutions in string theory

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Recent review:

[U. H. Danielsson, T. Van Riet \[arXiv:1804.01120\]](#)

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Complicated interplay between quantum gravity (**10d** supergravity/string theory) and cosmological model (**4d** low energy effective theory)

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Complicated interplay between quantum gravity (**10d** supergravity/string theory) and cosmological model (**4d** low energy effective theory)

Three main stringy constructions to get de Sitter:

- 1 Classical solutions (10d)
- 2 KKLT, (LVS), ... (10d/4d)
- 3 Non-geometric fluxes (4d)

Other approaches, e.g. world-sheet, heterotic, asymmetric orbifolds...

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① Classical 10d solutions

The simplest option / best controlled setting:
classical (perturbative) string background: 10d supergravity sol.

4d de Sitter \times 6d compact manifold

+ fluxes, orientifold O_p -planes, D_p -branes, curvature ($\mathcal{R}_6 < 0$)

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No such solution in heterotic string.

C. Quigley, [arXiv:1504.00652],

D. Kutasov, T. Maxfield, I. Melnikov, S. Sethi [arXiv:1504.00056],

F. F. Gautason, D. Junghans, M. Zagermann [arXiv:1204.0807],

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In type IIA/B: not excluded but very constrained
Intrinsically difficult

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Intrinsically difficult: parallel D_6/O_6 : D.A., J. Blåbäck [arXiv:1609.00385]

$$\begin{aligned}\Lambda_4 = & -\frac{e^{2A}}{8} \left(*_{\perp} H|_{\perp} + e^{\phi} F_0 \right)^2 - \frac{e^{2A}}{4} \left(e^{4A} *_{\perp} de^{-4A} - e^{\phi} F_2^{(0)} \right)^2 \\ & - \frac{e^{2A}}{8} \sum_{a_{\parallel}} \left(*_{\perp} de^{a_{\parallel}}|_{\perp} - e^{\phi} (t_{a_{\parallel}} F_2^{(1)}) \right)^2 \\ & - \frac{e^{2A+2\phi}}{8} \left(2(F_4^{(0)})^2 + 2(F_4^{(1)})^2 + (F_4^{(2)})^2 + (F_6)^2 \right) \\ & + \frac{e^{2A}}{8} \left(-2\mathcal{R}_{\parallel} - 2\mathcal{R}_{\parallel}^{\perp} + (H^{(2)})^2 + 2(H^{(3)})^2 \right)\end{aligned}$$

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Still, **few solutions have been found...** but some criticism...

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What else can be done? Away from class. perturbative regime
↪ non-perturbative contributions, quantum corr. (α', g_s) ...
↪ a priori much harder to control.

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What else can be done? Away from class. perturbative regime
↔ non-perturbative contributions, quantum corr. (α' , g_s)...
↔ a priori much harder to control.

② 10d/4d approach

Start with (classical) 10d string/supergravity elements, add effective contributions of extra ingredients at 4d level
↔ realised in string theory? Source of debate / criticism.

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Example: **KKLT**: growing criticism:

- Problem with SUSY breaking: loose control on quantum corrections [S. Sethi \[arXiv:1709.03554\]](#)
- 10d realisation of non-perturbative contrib. as D_7 gaugino condensate, with \overline{D}_3 to uplift to de Sitter: $\mathcal{R}_4 < 0$, contrary to 4d analysis [J.Moritz,A.Retolaza,A.Westphal \[arXiv:1707.08678\]](#)
- Singularities due to (backreaction of) \overline{D}_3 in 10d
[I. Bena, M. Graña, N. Halmagyi \[arXiv:0912.3519\] ... \[arXiv:1809.06861\]](#)

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⑧ Non-geometric fluxes

Find (stable) de Sitter solution in 4d $\mathcal{N} = 1$ gauged supergravity \Rightarrow 10d realisation as a stringy non-geometry?
Problem: many different non-geometric fluxes
+ NS Bianchi identities not satisfied: exotic sources?

Rough **conclusion of de Sitter conjecture**:

- 10d/4d or 4d approaches (de Sitter solutions ✓) are not obtainable from string theory / are in the swampland

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↔ cases where \exists no-go: compute c and find $c \sim O(1)$.

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 - 10d classical approach rather tends to a full no-go theorem against de Sitter solutions
- ↔ cases where \exists no-go: compute c and find $c \sim O(1)$.

But we have not tried everything...

More precise checks / progress in unexplored corners,
e.g. classical solutions

Consequences and refined versions

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\exists 10d classical de Sitter sol. of type IIA/B supergravities

C. Caviezel, P. Koerber, S. Kors, D. Lüst, T. Wrase, M. Zagermann [arXiv:0812.3551],

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with intersecting O_6 , or O_5 & O_7 .

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Criticism on these solutions (smeared O-planes, Romans mass, flux quantization/large volume/small coupling, etc.)

C. Roupec, T. Wrase [arXiv:1807.09538], D. Junghans, [arXiv:1811.06990],

A. Banlaki, A. Chowdhury, C. Roupec, T. Wrase, [arXiv:1811.07880]

\hookrightarrow doubt on their validity? Find other solutions?

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\hookrightarrow doubt on their validity? Find other solutions?

+ all known solutions: **unstable**/tachyonic/at maximum

\Rightarrow no known classical de Sitter vacuum

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with intersecting O_6 , or O_5 & O_7 .

Criticism on these solutions (smeared O-planes, Romans mass, flux quantization/large volume/small coupling, etc.)

C. Roupec, T. Wrase [arXiv:1807.09538], D. Junghans, [arXiv:1811.06990],

A. Banlaki, A. Chowdhury, C. Roupec, T. Wrase, [arXiv:1811.07880]

\hookrightarrow doubt on their validity? Find other solutions?

+ all known solutions: **unstable**/tachyonic/at maximum

\Rightarrow no known classical de Sitter vacuum

\hookrightarrow refine de Sitter swampland criterion D. Andriot [arXiv:1806.10999]

$\exists b_i \in \mathbb{R}, c_i \in \mathbb{R}_+$ such that

$$V + \sum_i b_i \phi^i \partial_{\phi^i} V + \sum_i c_i \phi^{i^2} \partial_{\phi^i}^2 V \leq 0$$

\Rightarrow **no stable de Sitter solution**, tachyonic de Sitter sol. \checkmark

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Possible to rewrite the above in a covariant manner
Single field and $V > 0$: refined criterion becomes:

$$\sqrt{\epsilon} - a \eta \geq c, \quad \text{with } a \geq 0, c > 0$$

D. Andriot [arXiv:1806.10999]

where $\epsilon = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\nabla V}{V} \right)^2$, $\eta = \frac{\nabla^2 V}{V}$.

\Rightarrow checks? Cosmological implications?

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Consequences: cosmology:

P. Agrawal, G. Obied, P. J. Steinhardt, C. Vafa [arXiv:1806.09718]

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- **Inflation**: difficulties with single-field inflation
Slow-roll inflation: $\sqrt{2\epsilon} \ll 1$ while here $\sqrt{2\epsilon} \geq c \sim 1$.

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Under some assumptions, one has $\Delta\phi = N_e \sqrt{2\epsilon}$
 $\Rightarrow \sqrt{\epsilon} \leq \frac{d}{N_e \sqrt{2}} \sim 10^{-2} \dots$

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Conjectures in tension with single-field inflation models,
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Various ways-out, e.g. multi-field inflation (not along
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 \leftrightarrow propose not constant but slowly rolling scalar:
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Observational constraints: $\lambda \lesssim 0,6$ and $\lambda = c \sim 1$.

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if our description of the world, SM+cosmo, is a low energy
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K. Choi, D. Chway, C. S. Shin [arXiv:1809.01475]

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- Coupling to SM and **Pion potential:**

K. Choi, D. Chway, C. S. Shin [arXiv:1809.01475]

With other coupling to SM, more contributions to $V(\phi)$
 \Rightarrow obs. bounds give $c \lesssim 10^{-1}$.

But neutral Pion π_0 : cos potential: get $c \lesssim 10^{-2} - 10^{-5}$.

Conclusion: various **tensions** with different models, especially with maxima (classical de Sitter sol., particle physics)

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↪ back to a **refined conjecture**:

H. Ooguri, E. Palti, G. Shiu, C. Vafa [arXiv:1810.05506]

(see also S. K. Garg, C. Krishnan [arXiv:1807.05193])

- $|\nabla V| \geq cV$

or

- $\min(\nabla_{\phi^i} \partial_{\phi^j} V) \leq -c'V$

- $c, c' \sim O(1)$

⇒ unstable de Sitter/particle physics maxima are ✓.

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↔ use the **large distance conjecture**

+ Gibbons-Hawking **entropy** (de Sitter space-time, accelerated universe), (saturated) Bousso bound

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Get $V(\phi) \simeq (n(\phi) e^{d\phi})^{-k}$, $d, k > 0$ ⇒ $|\nabla V| \geq cV$

Reactions:

- Tests/consequences on various phenomenological models:

S.-J. Wang [arXiv:1810.06445]
H. Fukuda, R. Saito, S. Shirai, M. Yamazaki [arXiv:1810.06532]
C.-M. Lin [arXiv:1810.11992]
P. Agrawal, G. Obied [arXiv:1811.00554]
C.-I. Chiang, J. M. Leedom, H. Murayama [arXiv:1811.01987]
D. Y. Cheong, S. M. Lee, S. C. Park [arXiv:1811.03622]
W. H. Kinney [arXiv:1811.11698]

- Relations to stringy constructions:

Y. Olguin-Trejo, S. L. Parameswaran, G. Tasinato, I. Zavala [arXiv:1810.08634]
S. K. Garg, C. Krishnan, M. Zaid [arXiv:1810.09406]
J. Blåbäck, U. Danielsson, G. Dibitetto [arXiv:1810.11365]
J. J. Heckman, C. Lawrie, L. Lin, G. Zoccarato [arXiv:1811.01959]
J. J. Blanco-Pillado, M. A. Urkiola, J. Wachter [arXiv:1811.05463]
D. Junghans [arXiv:1811.06990]
M. Emelin, R. Tatar [arXiv:1811.07378]
A. Banlaki, A. Chowdhury, C. Roupec, T. Wrase [arXiv:1811.07880]
B. S. Acharya, A. Maharana, F. Muia [arXiv:1811.10633]
Q. Bonnefoy, E. Dudas, S. Lüst [arXiv:1811.11199]

- Comments in a more general swampland context:

A. Hebecker, T. Wrase [arXiv:1810.08182]
G. Dvali, C. Gomez, S. Zell [arXiv:1810.11002]
R. Schimmrigk [arXiv:1810.11699]
M. Ibe, M. Yamazaki, T. T. Yanagida [arXiv:1811.04664]

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Alternative refined de Sitter conj. [D. A., C. Roupec \[arXiv:1811.08889\]](#)

A low energy effective theory of a quantum gravity should verify, at any point in field space where $V > 0$,

$$\left(M_p \frac{|\nabla V|}{V} \right)^q - a M_p^2 \frac{\min \nabla \partial V}{V} \geq b, \quad a + b = 1, \quad a, b > 0, \quad q > 2$$

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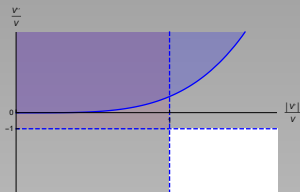
Properties:

- For $M_p \rightarrow \infty$, it becomes $(|\nabla V|/V)^q \geq 0$, i.e. trivial.
- At an extremum: $(\min \nabla \partial V|_0)/(V|_0) < 0$, i.e. only tachyonic de Sitter solutions ✓.

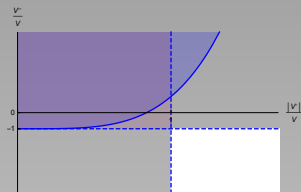
↔ similar to previous refined version, difference is in parameters.

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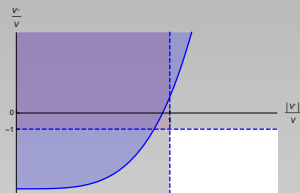
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(a) $a \simeq 1$



(b) $a = \frac{1}{2}$



(c) $a = \frac{1}{5.7}$

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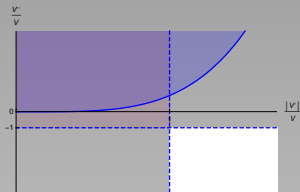
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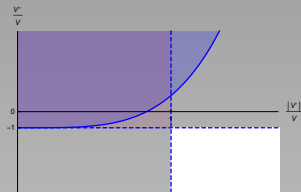
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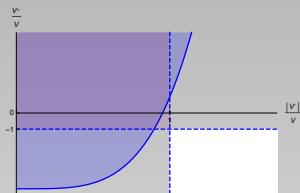
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- Derivation in weak coupling semi-classical regime: compute V'' and compare it to V' : top right corner, new conjecture is stronger/further refinement.
- Case (a): allows for (concave!) slow-roll single field inflation

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Constraints on 10d classical de Sitter solutions

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D. Andriot [[arXiv:1807.09698](https://arxiv.org/abs/1807.09698)]

Reasoning and known results

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Idea: combine equations to be satisfied in a useful manner w.r.t. constraints, e.g. expression for $\mathcal{R}_4 > 0$.

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M. P. Hertzberg, S. Kachru, W. Taylor, M. Tegmark [arXiv:0711.2512],

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$$\begin{array}{l|l} \mathcal{R}_4 = \dots > 0 & | \\ \partial_\rho V|_0 = 0 & | \\ \partial_\tau V|_0 = 0 & | \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{array}{l} \mathcal{R}_4 = \dots > 0 \\ \partial_\rho V|_0 = 0 \\ \partial_\tau V|_0 = 0 \end{array} \left| \longleftrightarrow \right| \begin{array}{l} \text{trace of Einstein eq. along 4d} > 0 \\ \text{trace of Einstein eq. along 10d or 6d} \\ \text{10d dilaton e.o.m.} \end{array}$$

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Combine 3 equations, get constraints

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Existence of sol.: necessary ingredients (parallel D_p/O_p)

T. Wrase, M. Zagermann [arXiv:1003.0029], G. Shiu, Y. Sumitomo [arXiv:1107.2925]

D. Andriot, J. Blåbäck, [arXiv:1609.00385]

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$p = \dots$	$\mathcal{R}_6 \geq 0$	$\mathcal{R}_6 < 0$
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4	F_0, H	F_0 or F_2
5		F_1
6		F_0
7		
8		
9		

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Considering on top the 10d sourced Bianchi identity

$$dF_{8-p} - H \wedge F_{6-p} = \varepsilon_p \frac{T_{10}}{p+1} \text{vol}_\perp$$

\Rightarrow more constraints, more ingredients needed

J. Blåbäck, U. H. Danielsson, D. Junghans, T. Van Riet, T. Wrase, M. Zagermann

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$p = \dots$	$\mathcal{R}_6 \geq 0$	$\mathcal{R}_6 < 0$
3		
4	$F_0, H, f^{\parallel}_{\perp\perp}, \text{combi}$	$F_0 \text{ or } F_2, f^{\parallel}_{\perp\perp}, \text{combi}$
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9		

Considering on top the 10d sourced Bianchi identity

$$dF_{8-p} - H \wedge F_{6-p} = \varepsilon_p \frac{T_{10}}{p+1} \text{vol}_{\perp}$$

\Rightarrow more constraints, more ingredients needed

J. Blåbäck, U. H. Danielsson, D. Junghans, T. Van Riet, T. Wrase, M. Zagermann

[arXiv:1009.1877], D. Andriot, J. Blåbäck, [arXiv:1609.00385]

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Existence of sol.: necessary ingredients (parallel D_p/O_p)

T. Wrase, M. Zagermann [arXiv:1003.0029], G. Shiu, Y. Sumitomo [arXiv:1107.2925]

D. Andriot, J. Blåbäck, [arXiv:1609.00385]

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[arXiv:1009.1877], D. Andriot, J. Blåbäck, [arXiv:1609.00385]

Analogous results derived for intersecting D_p/O_p :
slightly less constraining \leftrightarrow solutions known.

G. Shiu, Y. Sumitomo [arXiv:1107.2925], D. Andriot [arXiv:1710.08886]

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3 equations + sourced Bianchi identity

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$p = 4$: Different Bianchi identity: $dF_{4-p} = dF_0 = 0$.

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Introduce **new scalar** field σ : distinguishes \parallel, \perp dir. of D_p/O_p

U. H. Danielsson, G. Shiu, T. Van Riet, T. Wrase [arXiv:1212.5178]

Gives new constraints through

$$\partial_\sigma V|_0 = 0 \quad | \quad |$$

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Reproduces constraints obtained in 10d + new ones

3 equations + sourced Bianchi identity

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Reproduces constraints obtained in 10d + new ones

$$\begin{aligned}
 V(\rho, \tau, \sigma) = & -\tau^{-2} \left(\rho^{-1} \mathcal{R}_6(\sigma) - \frac{1}{2} \rho^{-3} \sum_n \sigma^{-An-B(3-n)} |H^{(n)}|^2 \right) \\
 & - g_s \tau^{-3} \rho^{\frac{p-6}{2}} \sigma^{B\frac{p-9}{2}} \frac{T_{10}}{p+1} \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} g_s^2 \left(\tau^{-4} \sum_{q=0}^4 \rho^{3-q} \sum_n \sigma^{-An-B(q-n)} |F_q^{(n)}|^2 - \tau^4 \rho^3 |F_6|^2 \right. \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} \sum_n (\tau^{-4} \rho^{-2} \sigma^{-An-B(5-n)} |F_5^{(n)}|^2 \\
 & \left. - \tau^4 \rho^2 \sigma^{-An-B(1-n)} |(*_6 F_5)^{(n)}|^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{with } \mathcal{R}_6(\sigma) = & \sigma^{-B} \left(\mathcal{R}_\perp + \delta^{ab} \partial_{a_\perp} f^{c_\perp}_{c_\perp b_\perp} + \mathcal{R}_\perp^\parallel + |f^\parallel_{\perp\perp}|^2 \right) \\
 & + \sigma^{-A} \left(\mathcal{R}_\parallel + \delta^{ab} \partial_{a_\parallel} f^{c_\parallel}_{c_\parallel b_\parallel} + \mathcal{R}_\parallel^\perp + |f^\perp_{\parallel\parallel}|^2 \right) \\
 & - \frac{1}{2} \sigma^{-2A+B} |f^\perp_{\parallel\parallel}|^2 - \frac{1}{2} \sigma^{-2B+A} |f^\parallel_{\perp\perp}|^2
 \end{aligned}$$

and $A = p - 9$, $B = p - 3$

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On **group manifolds** (with constant fluxes): constraints in
terms of $\lambda = -\frac{\delta^{cd} f^{b\perp}{}_{a\parallel} c_{\perp} f^{a\parallel}{}_{b\perp} d_{\perp}}{\frac{1}{2} \delta^{ab} \delta^{cd} \delta_{ij} f^i{}_{a\perp} c_{\perp} f^j{}_{b\perp} d_{\perp}}$:

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No classical 10d de Sitter solution (with parallel D_p/O_p) for $\lambda \leq 0$ or $\lambda \geq 1$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \mathcal{R}_4 + \frac{3}{2} \tau \partial_{\tau} V|_0 + \frac{A+B}{A-B} \rho \partial_{\rho} V|_0 + \frac{2}{B-A} \sigma \partial_{\sigma} V|_0 \\ & + 2 \left| *_{\perp} H^{(0)} + \varepsilon_p g_s F_{k-2}^{(0)} \right|^2 + 2 \sum_{a\parallel} \left| *_{\perp} (de^{a\parallel})|_{\perp} - \varepsilon_p g_s \iota_{a\parallel} F_k^{(1)} \right|^2 \\ & = -2g_s^2 (|F_{k+2}|^2 + |F_{k+4}|^2) + 2\lambda |f^{\parallel}{}_{\perp\perp}|^2, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathcal{R}_4 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{A-5B}{A-3B} \tau \partial_{\tau} V|_0 + \frac{1}{3} \rho \partial_{\rho} V|_0 + \frac{2}{3(A-3B)} \sigma \partial_{\sigma} V|_0 \\ & = -\frac{2}{p} (\lambda - 1) |f^{\parallel}{}_{\perp\perp}|^2 - \frac{2}{p} |H^{(2)}|^2 - \frac{2}{p} g_s^2 \frac{1}{2} \sum_{q=6-p}^p (q - (6-p)) |F_q|^2. \end{aligned}$$

On **group manifolds** (with constant fluxes): constraints in terms of $\lambda = -\frac{\delta^{cd} f^b{}_{\perp a}{}_{\parallel} c_{\perp} f^{a\parallel}{}_{b\perp} d_{\perp}}{\frac{1}{2} \delta^{ab} \delta^{cd} \delta_{ij} f^i{}_{\parallel} a_{\perp} c_{\perp} f^j{}_{\parallel} b_{\perp} d_{\perp}}$:

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\hookrightarrow no de Sitter solution on nilmanifold, semi-simple group manifold, some solvmanifolds (in standard basis).

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\hookrightarrow no de Sitter solution on nilmanifold, semi-simple group manifold, some solvmanifolds (in standard basis).

Not conclusive for $0 < \lambda < 1 \Rightarrow$ possibilities left.

Stability island:

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Stability island:

a de Sitter solution would have $\partial_\rho^2 V|_0 > 0$, $\partial_\tau^2 V|_0 > 0$,
 $\partial_\sigma^2 V|_0 > 0$ for

$$0 < \lambda < \frac{1}{17} \quad \text{with } p = 6$$

$$0 < \lambda < \frac{1}{10} \quad \text{with } p = 4, 5$$

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We show e.g. for τ :

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1-10\lambda}{2} \mathcal{R}_4 + \frac{3-32\lambda}{4} \tau \partial_\tau V|_0 + \frac{6-p}{6} \rho \partial_\rho V|_0 + \frac{1}{6} \sigma \partial_\sigma V|_0 \\ & + (1-\lambda) \left(\left| *_{\perp} H^{(0)} + \varepsilon_p g_s F_{k-2}^{(0)} \right|^2 + \sum_{a_{\parallel}} \left| *_{\perp} (\text{de}^{a_{\parallel}})|_{\perp} - \varepsilon_p g_s \iota_{a_{\parallel}} F_k^{(1)} \right|^2 \right) \\ & - \lambda \tau^2 \partial_\tau^2 V|_0 \\ = & -\lambda |H^{(0)}|^2 - (1-\lambda + 8\lambda(p-6)) g_s^2 |F_{10-p}^{(2)}|^2 - (1-17\lambda) g_s^2 |F_{12-p}^{(3)}|^2 , \\ \text{i.e. } & \partial_\tau^2 V|_0 > 0 \text{ for a de Sitter solution.} \end{aligned}$$

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i.e. $\partial_\tau^2 V|_0 > 0$ for a de Sitter solution.

\Rightarrow Tiny region of parameter space where

possible stable de Sitter solutions (with parallel D_p/O_p)

\hookrightarrow explore!

Summary

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- (Refined) de Sitter conjecture / swampland criterion
- Positive aspect: focus on connection of string theory and cosmology
- Get, in a controlled manner, de Sitter vacua from string theory? \Rightarrow Progress...
- Precise checks with constraints on classical 10d de Sitter solutions
- Explore a stability island for parallel D_p/O_p
- Explore more intersecting D_p/O_p

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Thank you for your attention!

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