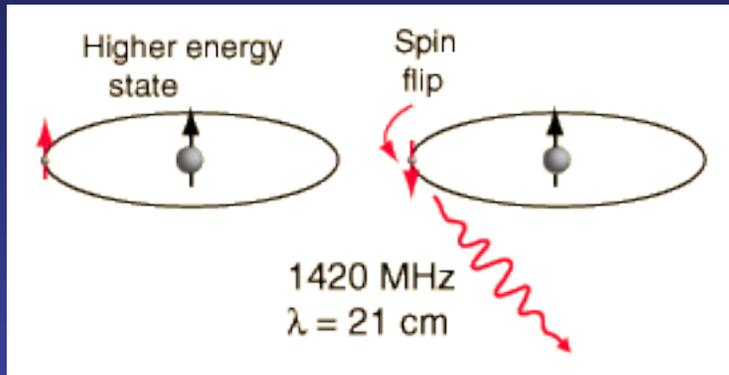


Probing dark mater with the cosmological 21cm signal

Andrei Mesinger

Scuola Normale Superiore, Pisa

21 cm line from neutral hydrogen



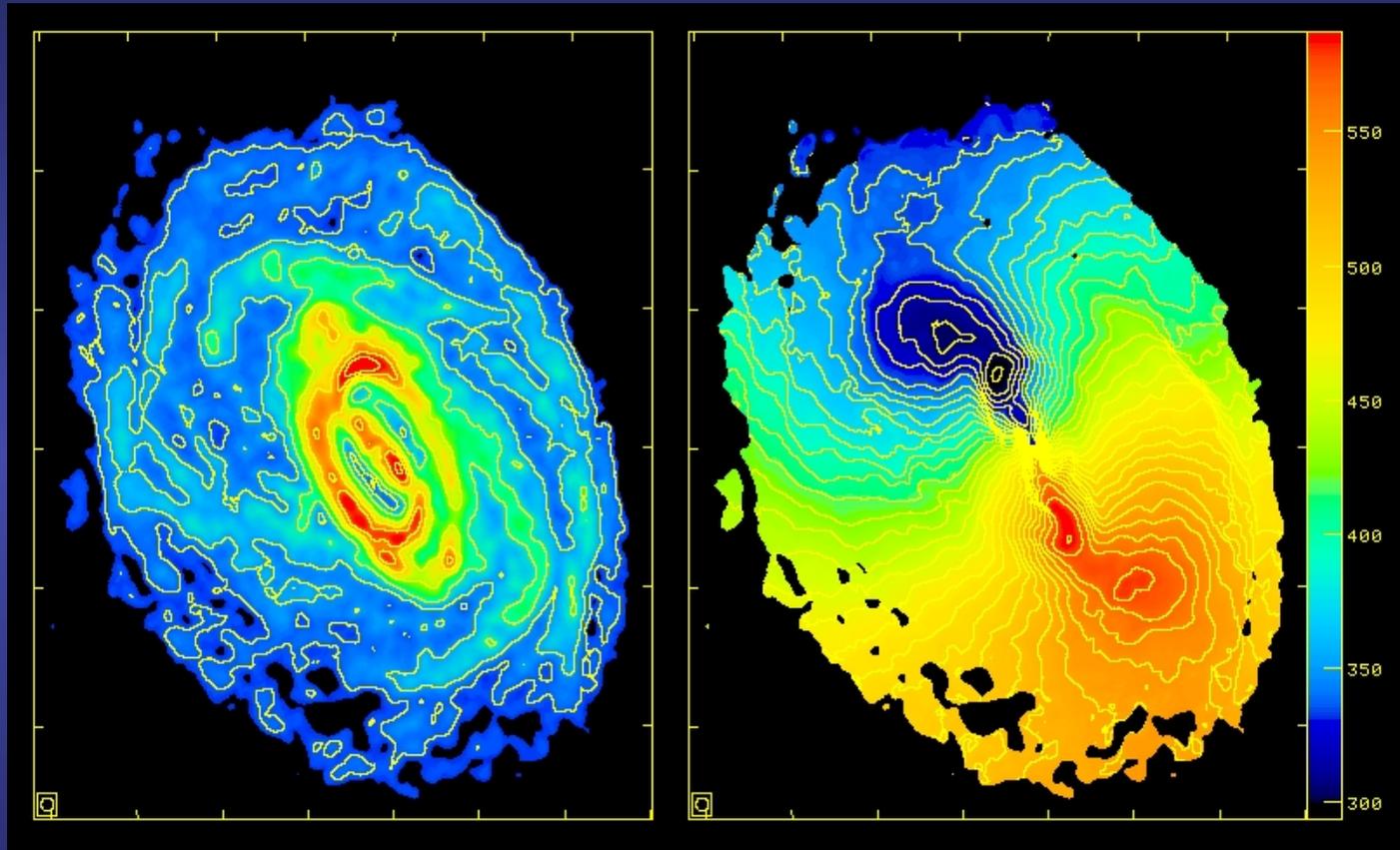
Hyperfine transition in the ground state of neutral hydrogen produces 21cm line.

2. In discussion with H.C. van de Hulst, at the reception on the occasion of Oort's quadrennial jubilee as a staff member of Leiden Observatory, 1964.



Predicted by van den Hulst when Oort told him to find unknown radio lines to study our galaxy

Now widely used to map the HI content of nearby galaxies



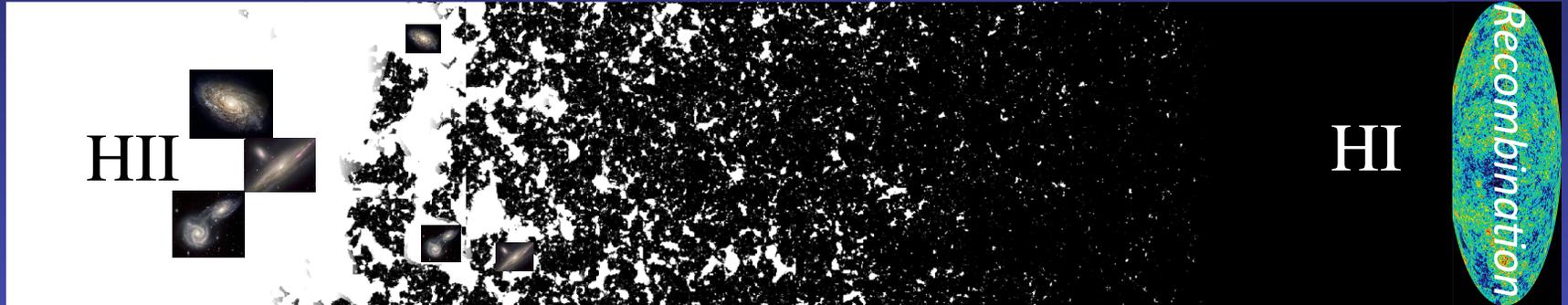
Circinus Galaxy

ATCA HI image by B. Koribalski (ATNF, CSIRO), K. Jones, M. Elmouttie (University of Queensland) and R. Haynes (ATNF, CSIRO).

Once upon a time, HI was much more abundant: Reionization and Cosmic Dawn

Reionization

Dark Ages



$z = 0$

$t_{age} \sim 14 \text{ Gyr}$

$z \sim 6$

$t_{age} \sim 1 \text{ Gyr}$

$z \sim 20$

$t_{age} \sim 150 \text{ Myr}$

$z \sim 1100$

$t_{age} \sim 0.4 \text{ Myr}$

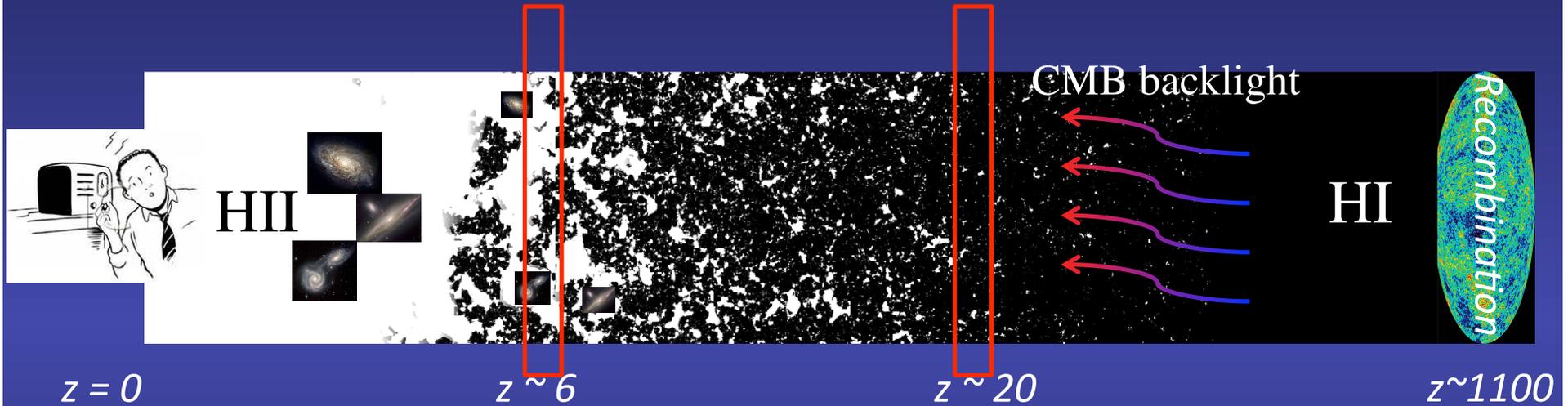
Once upon a time, HI was much more abundant

Redshifted 21cm signal.

tune radio to:

$\nu_{21} \sim 200 \text{ MHz}$

$\nu_{21} \sim 70 \text{ MHz}$



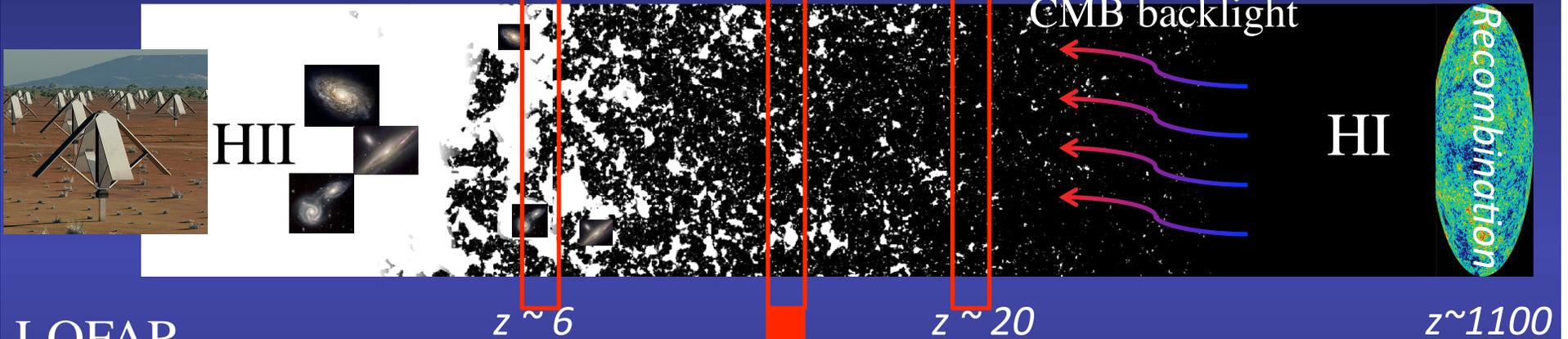
Once upon a time, HI was much more abundant

Redshifted 21cm signal.

tune ~~ratio~~ to:
interferometer

$\nu_{21} \sim 200$ MHz

$\nu_{21} \sim 70$ MHz

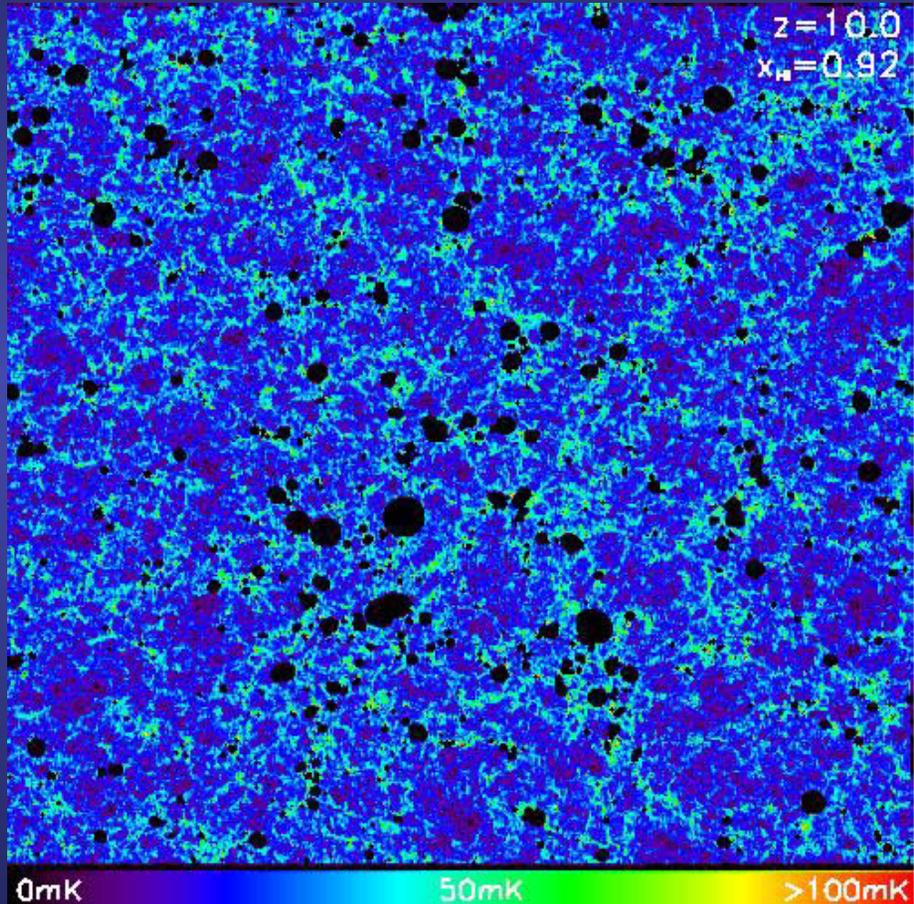


LOFAR,
MWA,
PAPER,
21CMA,
GMRT
2nd gen: SKA

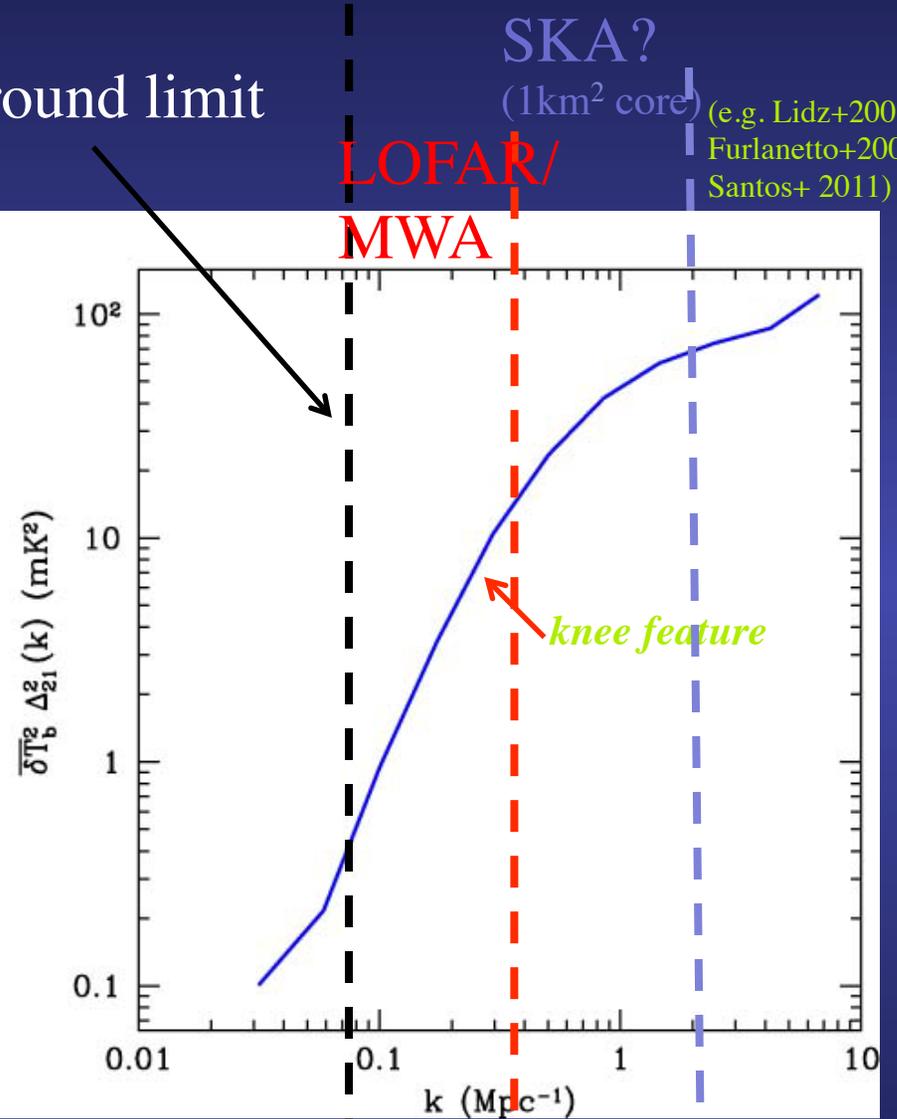
21cm power spectrum from reionization



~foreground limit



δT_b



Mesinger & Furlanetto 2007

If we see something, what do we learn??

If we understand it, a lot!!

$$\delta T_b(\nu) \approx 27 \chi_{\text{HI}} (1 + \delta_{\text{nl}}) \left(\frac{H}{dv_r/dr + H} \right) \left(1 - \frac{T_\gamma}{T_S} \right) \left(\frac{1+z}{10} \frac{0.15}{\Omega_M h^2} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{\Omega_b h^2}{0.023} \right) \text{mK}$$

neutral fraction

gas density

LOS velocity gradient

spin temperature

Cosmological 21cm Signal

$$\delta T_b(\nu) \approx 27 \kappa_{\text{HI}} (1 + \delta_{\text{nl}}) \left(\frac{H}{dv_r/dr + H} \right) \left(1 - \frac{T_\gamma}{T_S} \right) \left(\frac{1+z}{10} \frac{0.15}{\Omega_M h^2} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{\Omega_b h^2}{0.023} \right) \text{mK}$$

Powerful probe:

Cosmology

&

Astrophysics

Has something everyone can enjoy!

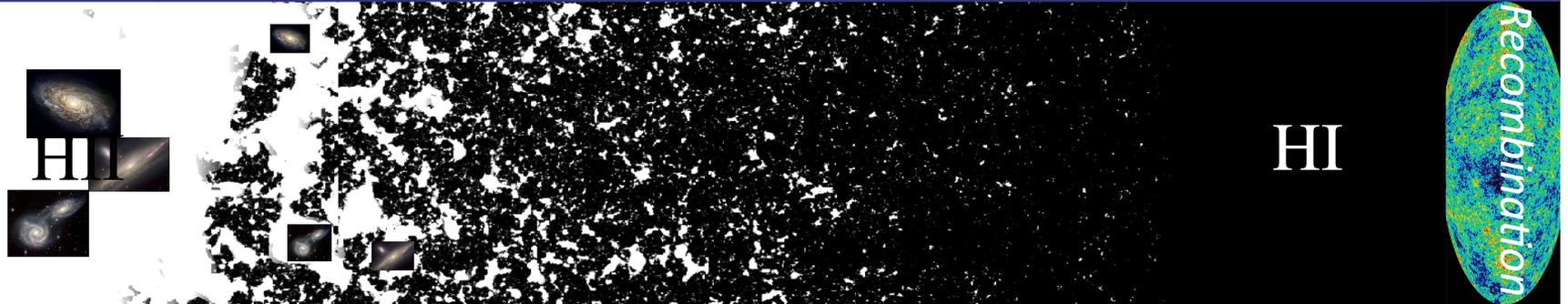
The trick is to disentangle the components:

- *separation of epochs and/or*
- *accurate, efficient modeling*

Let's look at Cosmic history in 21cm

Reionization

Dark Ages



$z = 0$

$t_{age} \sim 14 \text{ Gyr}$

$z \sim 6$

$t_{age} \sim 1 \text{ Gyr}$

$z \sim 20$

$t_{age} \sim 150 \text{ Myr}$

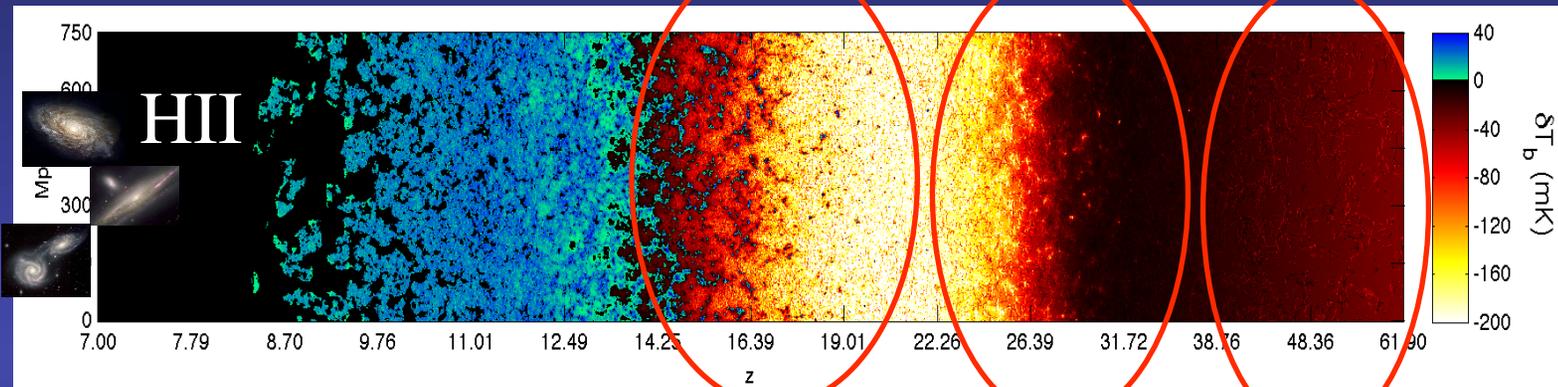
$z \sim 1100$

$t_{age} \sim 0.4 \text{ Myr}$

Let's look at Cosmic history in 21cm

Reionization

Dark Ages



$z \sim 0$

$z \sim 6$

$z \sim 20$

$z \sim 1100$

$t_{age} \sim 14 \text{ Gyr}$ $t_{age} \sim 1 \text{ Gyr}$

$t_{age} \sim 150 \text{ Myr}$

$t_{age} \sim 0.4 \text{ Myr}$

First Black Holes

First Stars

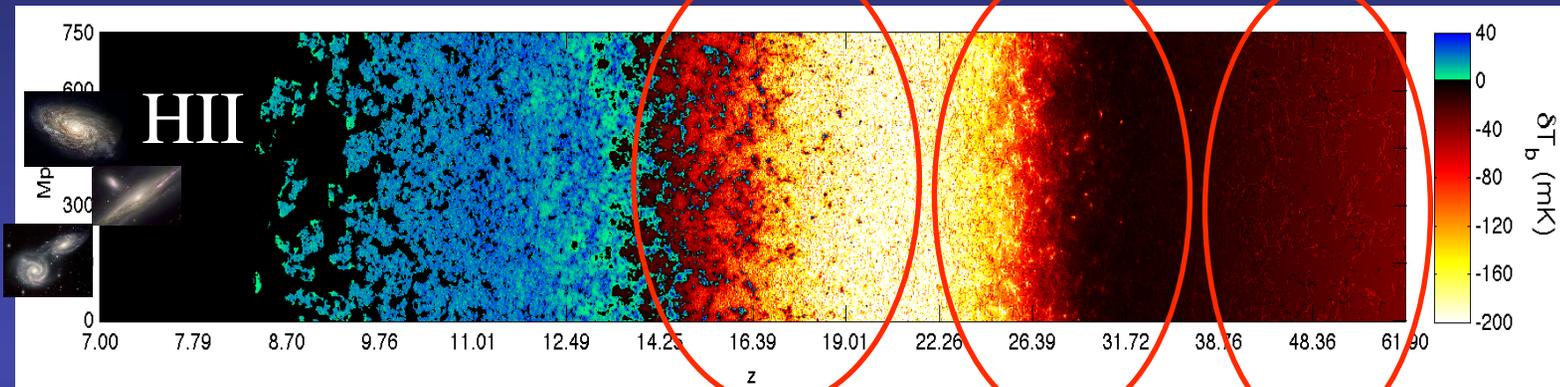
Infancy of Cosmic Web

Recombination

Let's look at Cosmic history in 21cm

Reionization

Dark Ages



$z \sim 0$

$z \sim 6$

$z \sim 20$

$z \sim 1100$

$t_{age} \sim 14 \text{ Gyr}$ $t_{age} \sim 1 \text{ Gyr}$

$t_{age} \sim 150 \text{ Myr}$

$t_{age} \sim 0.4 \text{ Myr}$

First Black Holes

First Stars

Infancy of Cosmic Web

21cm is the only upcoming probe with the potential to see the Cosmic Dawn

21cm is the only upcoming probe with the potential to see the Cosmic Dawn

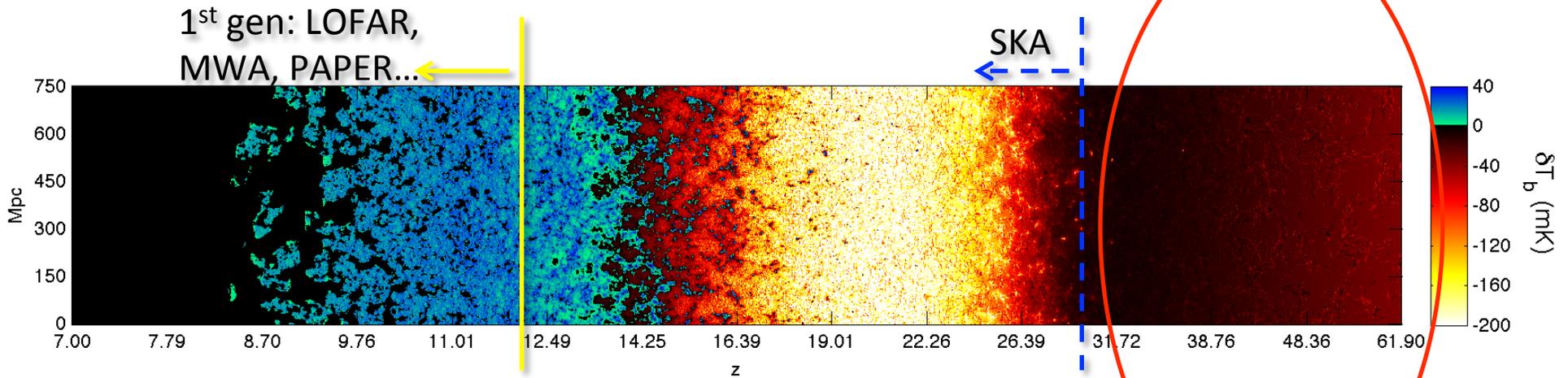
Why do participants of the “Dark Side of the Universe” conference care about the Cosmic Dawn?

Digging out the cosmology...

- 1) Finding astrophysically “clean” epochs
- 2) Probing small-scale power through the abundance of high- z galaxies
- 3) Heating of the IGM through DM annihilations

21cm probes cosmology

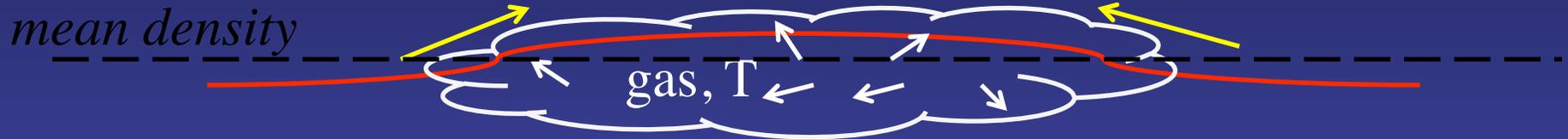
1) “clean” epochs where cosmo signal dominates →
Dark Ages $z > 40$



21cm probes cosmology

1) “clean” epochs where cosmo signal dominates →

Dark Ages $z > 40$ **OR** efficient thermal feedback $z < 20$



material falls into overdensities through gravity

But gas pressure resists

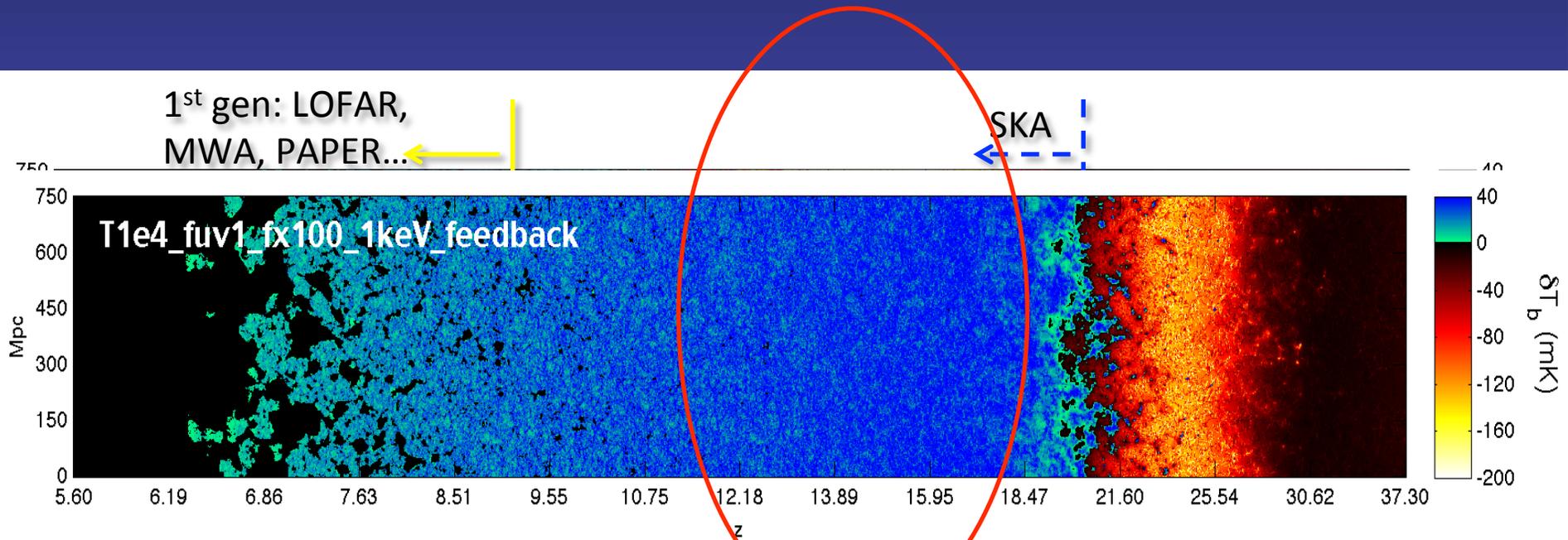


*Heated gas is pressure supported →
wait for halo potential to grow for efficient star formation*

21cm probes cosmology

1) “clean” epochs where cosmo signal dominates →

Dark Ages $z > 40$ **OR** efficient thermal feedback $z < 20$



$$\delta T_b(\nu) \approx 27 X_{\text{HI}} (1 + \delta_{\text{nl}}) \left(\frac{H}{dv_r/dr + H} \right) \left(1 - \frac{T_\gamma}{T_S} \right) \left(\frac{1+z}{10} \frac{0.15}{\Omega_M h^2} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{\Omega_b h^2}{0.023} \right) \text{mK}$$

pre-reionization

completed heating

AM+2013
(see also Ricotti & Ostriker 2004)

21cm probes cosmology

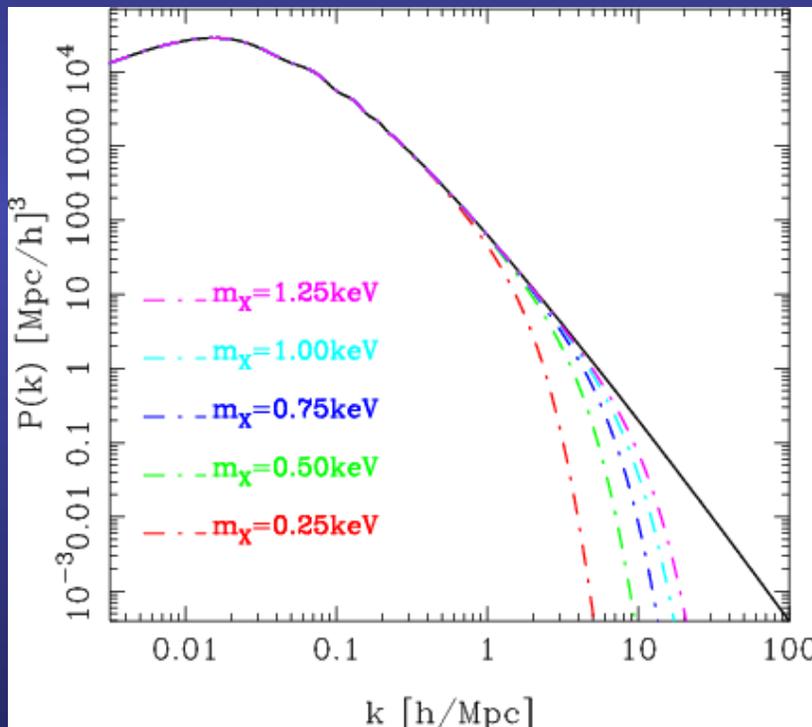
2) Models which suppress small-scale power, like Warm Dark Matter, result in a dearth of low mass galaxies, delaying astrophysical epochs in the 21cm signal

Although very successful on large ($>\sim$ Mpc scales), CDM seemingly doesn't do so well on small-scales for example:

- Galactic halos are kinematically inconsistent with CDM: missing population of dense, massive satellites (Boylan-Kolchin+ 2012)
- Inner profiles of individual dwarf galaxies are too shallow (Moore+1994; de Blok+2001; Maccio+2012; Governato+2012)
- Number of satellite galaxies in Milky Way (Moore +1999; Klypin+1999) and in the field (ALFALFA survey; Papastergis+2011; Ferrero+2012) is too low
- ... (see Sellwood & Kosowsky 2001; Menci+ 2012; Boylan-Kolchin+2012)

What about suppressing primordial power, e.g. Warm Dark Matter

e.g. **free-streaming**: particles stream out of primordial potential wells, truncating power on scales below the distance traveled up to \sim radiation-matter equality (**Bode+ 2001**):



$$R_S \approx 0.31 \left(\frac{\Omega_X}{0.3} \right)^{0.15} \left(\frac{h}{0.65} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{\text{keV}}{m_X} \right)^{1.15} h^{-1} \text{ Mpc} .$$

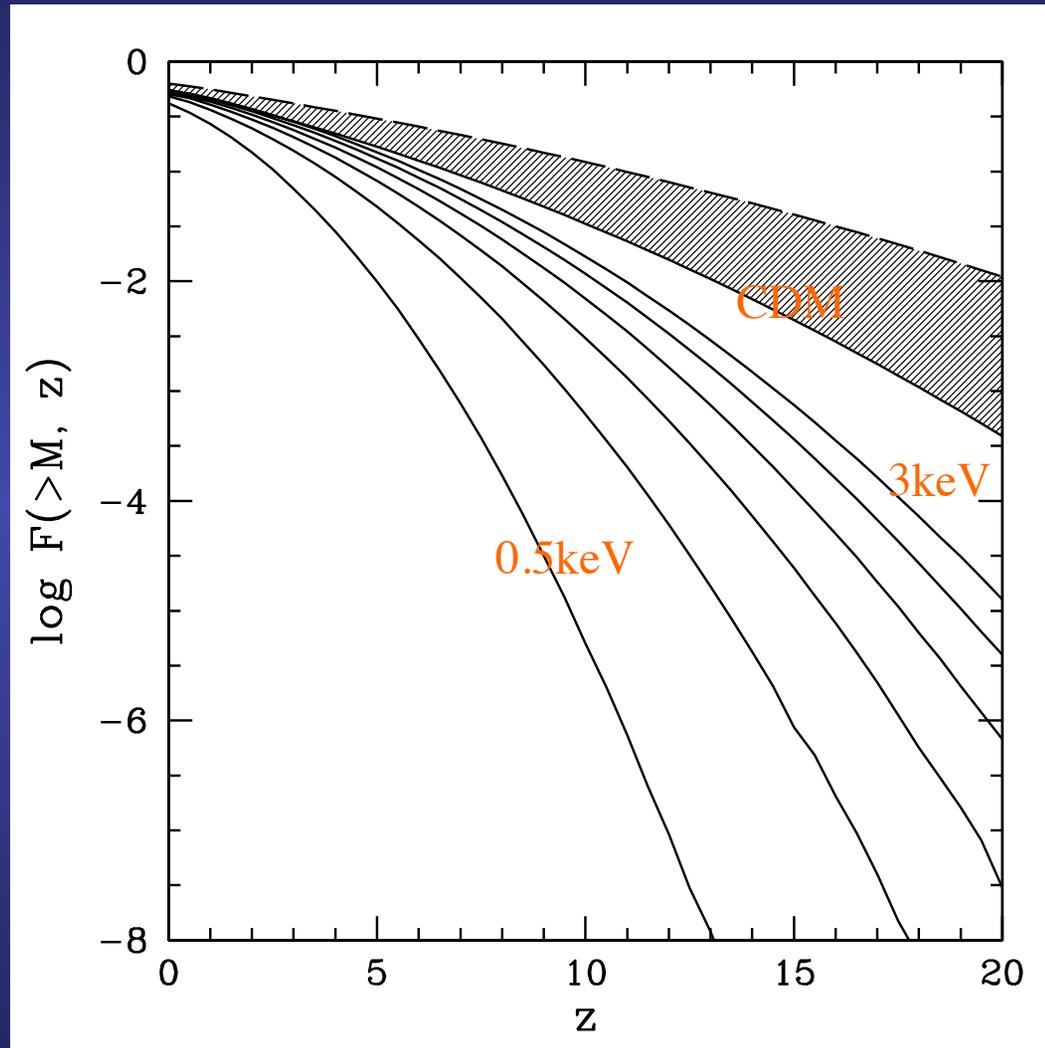
relativistic thermal relic

Smith+2011

Modification of the transfer function

$$T(k) \rightarrow T(k) \left[1 + (\epsilon k \lambda_s)^{2\nu} \right]^{-\eta/\nu}$$

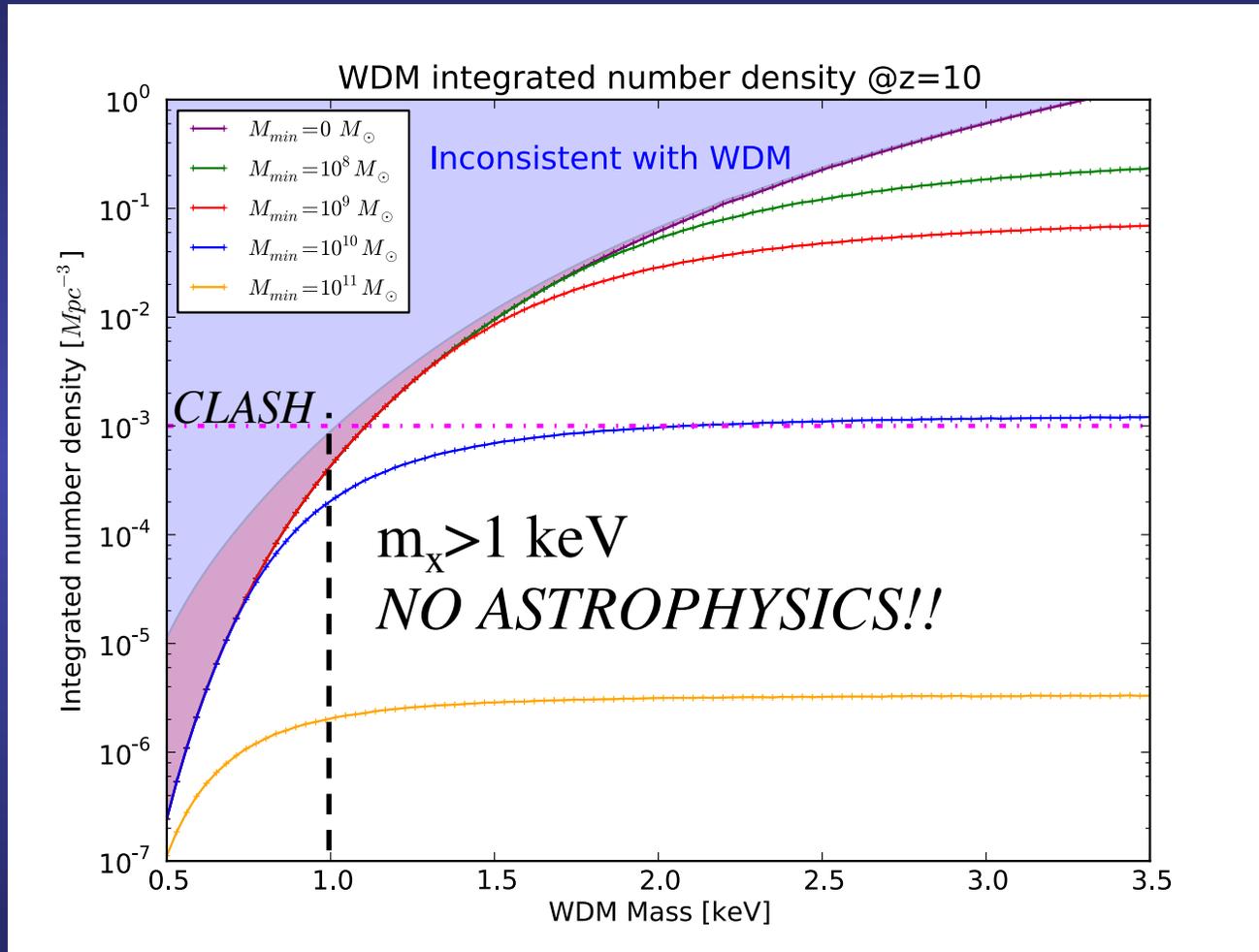
High-z is the place to be



Mesinger+2005

Due to heirarchal structure formation, in WDM it is empty!

Halo number density of lensed galaxies: *only constraint free of astrophysical degeneracies*

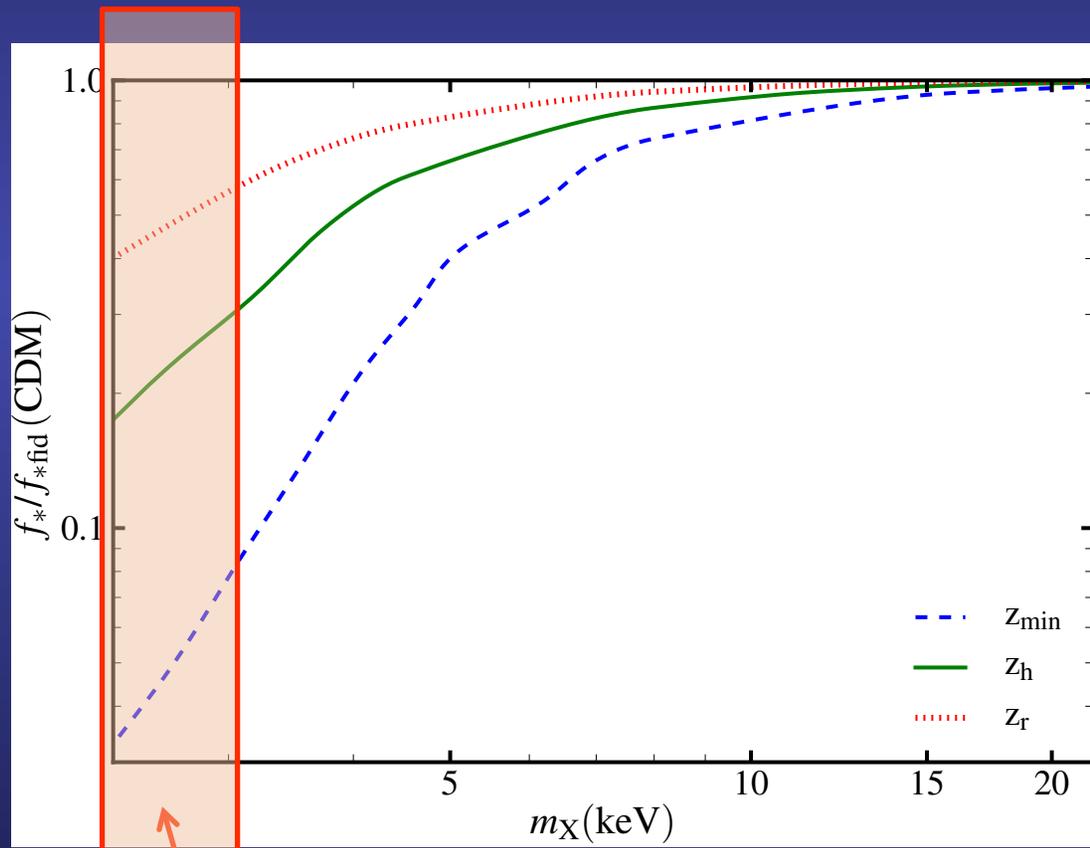


*Limits can improve dramatically
with future detections*

Pacucci, AM, Haiman 2013

What does this mean for 21cm??

2) Models which suppress small-scale power, like WDM result in a dearth of low mass galaxies, delaying astrophysical epochs, and subsequently speeding them up



Gastrophysics only has to be known to within a factor of ~ 20 for the onset of heating to not be degenerate with WDM models

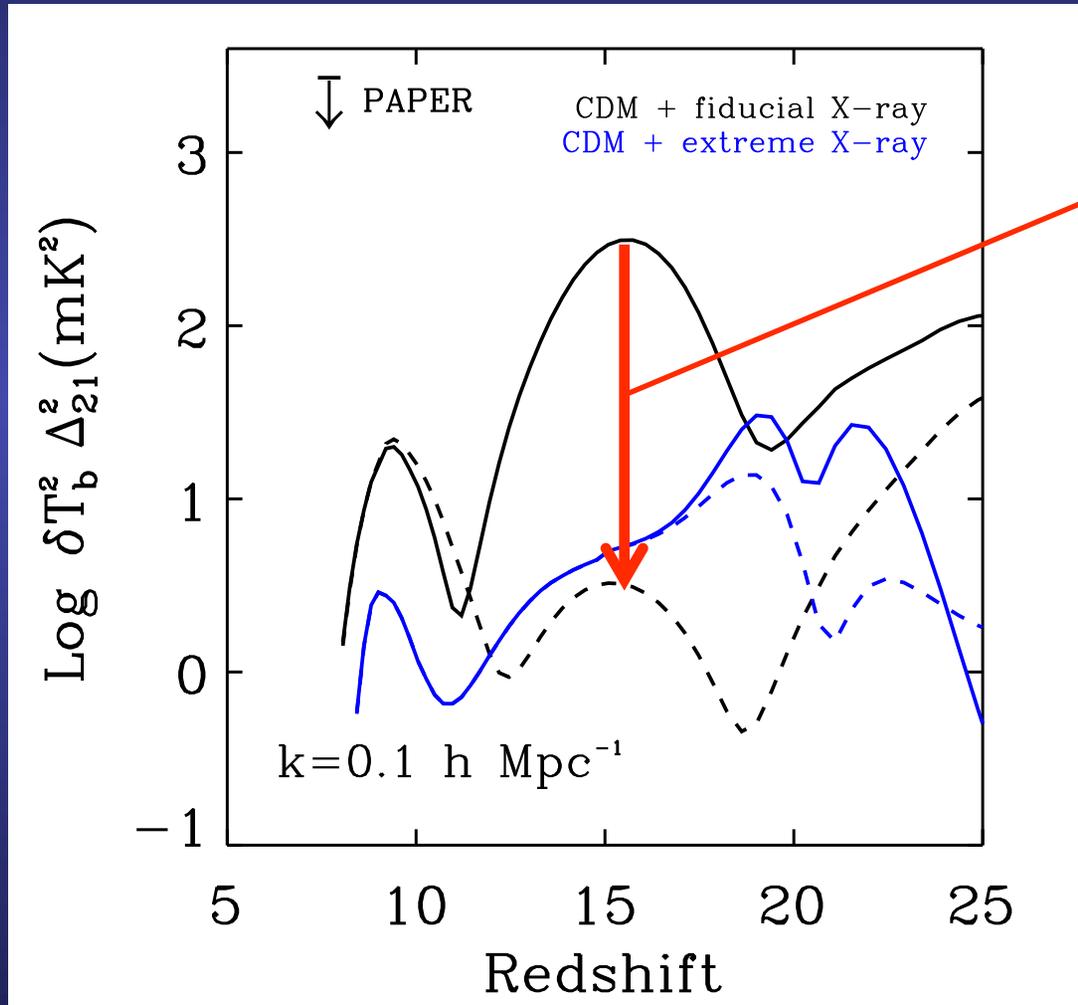
Sitwell, AM+ 2013

Current robust lower limits from de Souza, AM+ 2013, Viel+2013

21cm probes cosmology

3) Heat input from DM annihilations

see Carmelo's talk



Uniform heating is unachievable with astrophysics (e.g. AM+2013)

Evoli, AM+ in prep

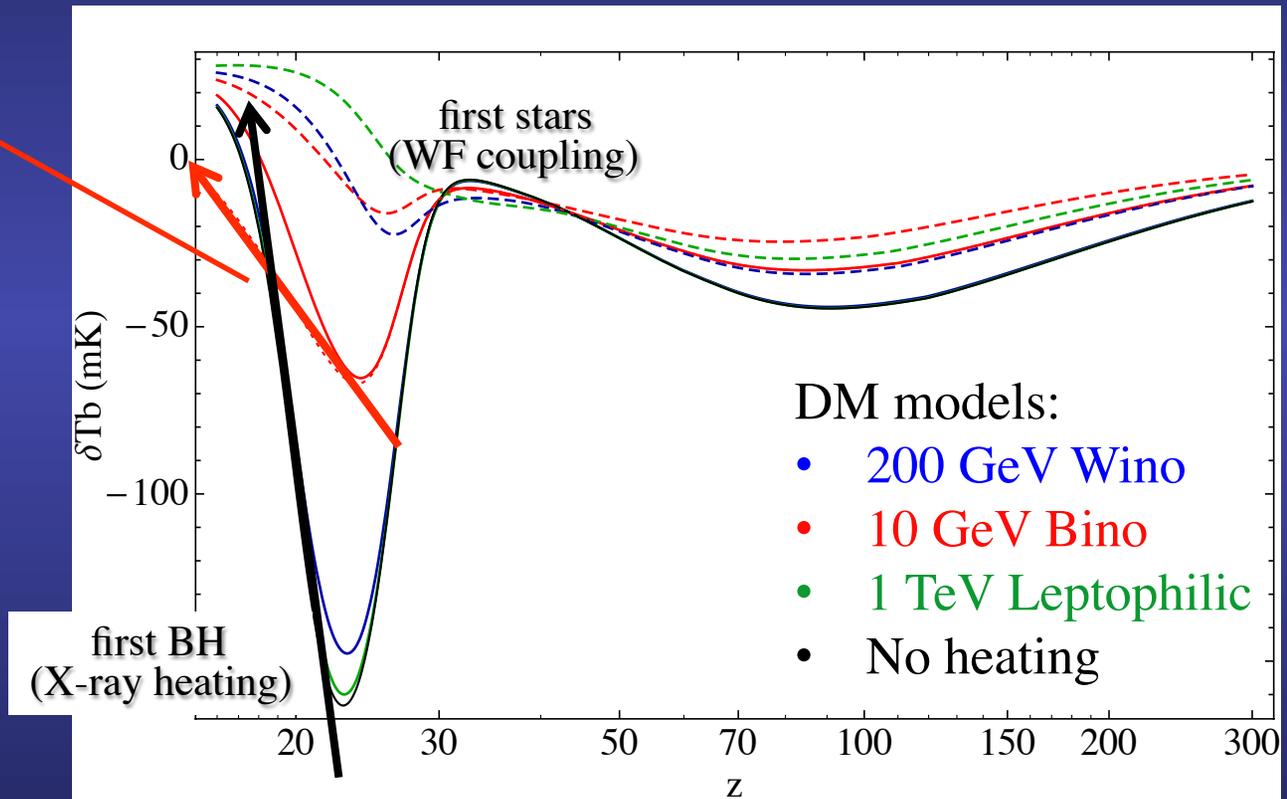
21cm probes cosmology

3) Heat input from DM annihilations

see Carmelo's talk

DM heating is slower than X-ray heating

Global signal

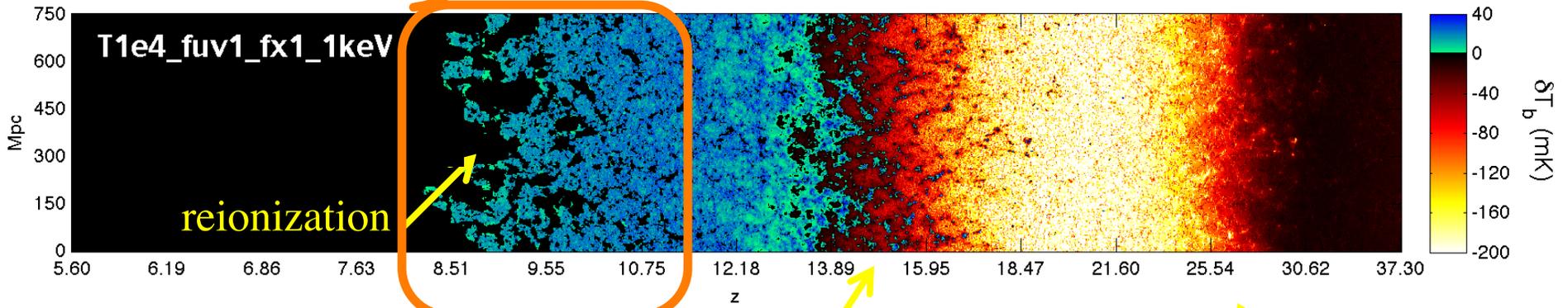


Valdes+2012

We are getting data as we speak!

1st gen.: LOFAR, PAPER

Cosmology:
DM heating, BAO, matter power spectrum



IGM heating
(first BH)

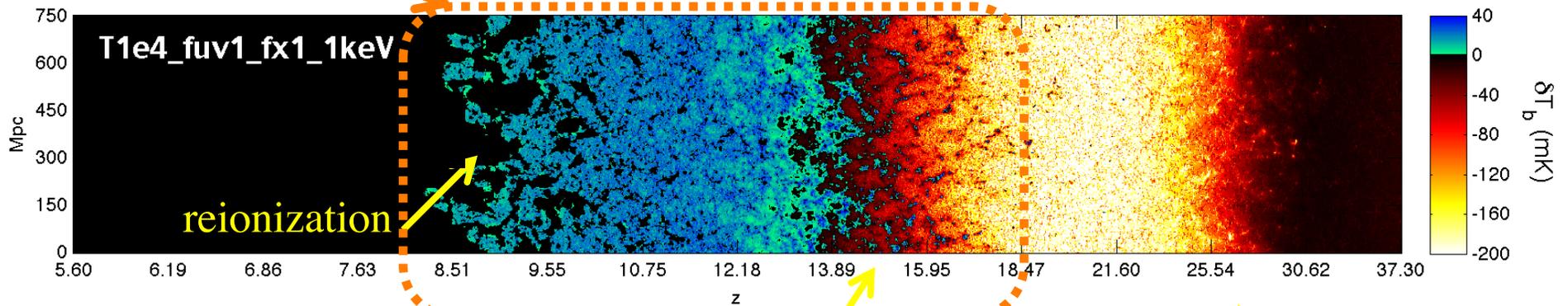
spin T coupling
(first stars)

Rich physics of the early Universe

1st gen.: MWA

Cosmology:

DM heating, BAO, matter power spectrum



IGM heating
(first BH)

spin T coupling
(first stars)

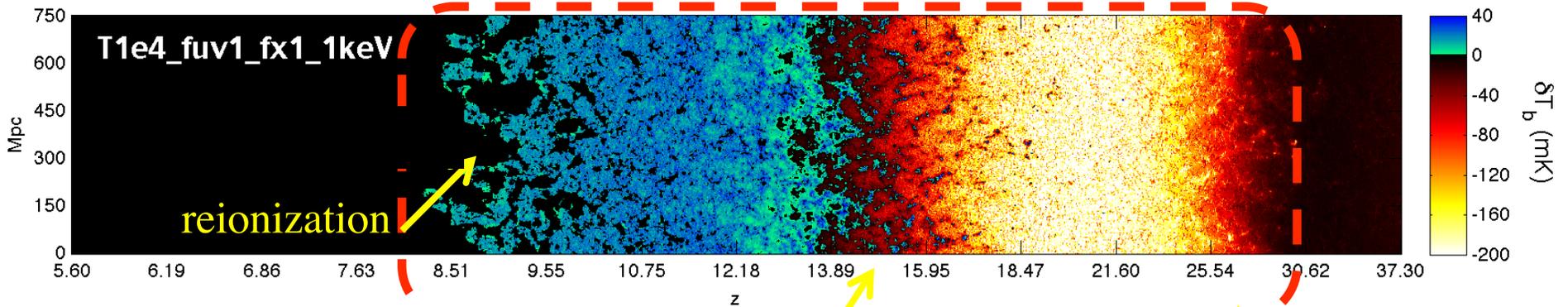
MWA 2013B:

Ewall-Wice+

“Constraining X-ray and Dark Matter heating Before the Epoch of Reionization (EoR): Preliminary Observations at Low Frequency with the MWA”

Rich physics of the early Universe

Cosmology:
DM heating, BAO, matter power spectrum



IGM heating
(first BH)

spin T coupling
(first stars)

2nd gen.: SKA, LUNAR

You have convinced me this is exciting, and relevant to my research. What do I do now?

21cmFAST

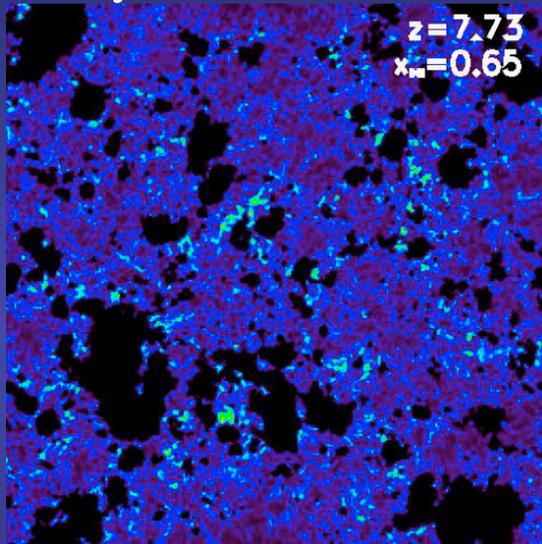
semi-numerical simulation (Mesinger, Furlanetto, Cen 2011)

- Combines excursion-set approach with perturbation theory for efficient generation of large-scale density, velocity, halo, ionization, 21cm brightness fields
- Portable and FAST! (if it's in the name, it must be true...)
 - A realization can be obtained in \sim minutes on a single CPU
 - *New* parallelized version, optimized for parameter studies
- Run on arbitrarily large scales
- Optimized for the 21cm signal
- Vary many independent free parameters; cover wide swaths of parameter space
- Tested against state-of-the-art hydrodynamic cosmological simulations (Trac & Cen 2007; Trac+ 2008)
- Publically available!

*Previous halo-based version, **DexM** (Mesinger & Furlanetto 2007), has been used to interpret LAEs, QSO spectra, LLS distribution..*

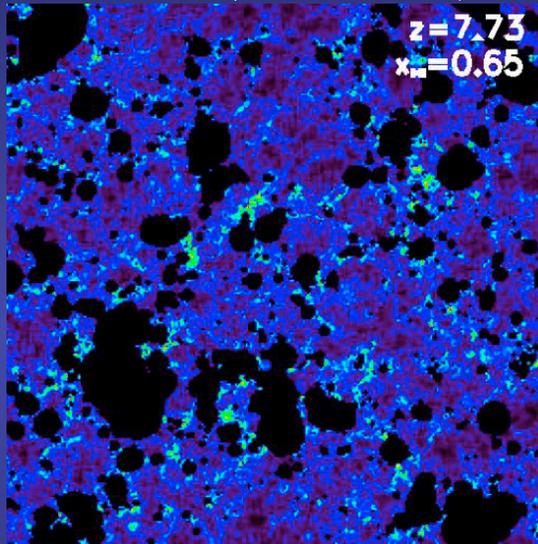
21cm comparison (without spin temperature)

hydro+DM+RT



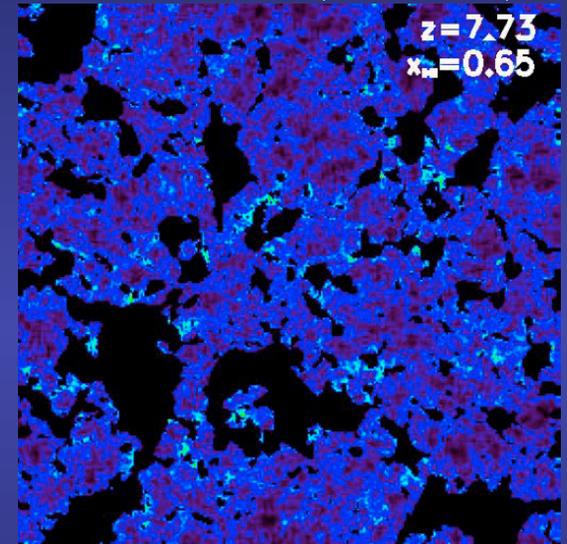
~ 1 week on 1536 cores

DexM (with halos)



← 100 Mpc/h →

21cmFAST (no halos)



~ few min on 1 core

Get on board!

<http://homepage.sns.it/mesinger/Sim>



*In just over 2 years, 21cmFAST is being used by researchers in 13 countries, and most of the 1st gen. 21cm experiments: **LOFAR, MWA, 21CMA***

Conclusions

- **Cosmological 21cm signal** is very rich in information, containing both cosmological and astrophysical components.
- The range of scales and unknown parameter space is enormous: **21cmFAST!**
- The **matter power spectrum** (extending to very small-scales) can be measured directly either during (i) the Dark Ages at $z > 40$ (difficult, Moon?); (ii) during a “respite” between heating and reionization (e.g. very high X-ray/SFR in early galaxies and/or efficient thermal feedback)
- The early Universe is a great test-bed for models involving a suppression of small-scale power, like **WDM**.
 - Driven by late-appearing galaxies, the 21cm signal would be **delayed** and subsequently **more rapid**
 - Current limits from CLASH lensed galaxies are only constraints with no astrophysics: $m_x > \sim 1 \text{ keV}$
- **Dark matter annihilations** can leave a robust footprint in the 21cm power spectrum by suppressing the heating peak.
- **Exciting times are ahead!**